

THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1856.

The Superior Court of Law, Spring Term, for New Hanover county commenced its sessions in the Court House this morning, His Honor Judge Caldwell presiding.

The Democratic State Convention.
Owing to the length of the proceedings of the Democratic Convention, which assembled at Raleigh on the 16th inst., the Secretaries were unable to prepare them fully for publication before we left, and it was, therefore, out of our power to place them before our readers earlier than to-day.

But, leaving mere details out of the question, certain facts stand out broad and distinct. The Convention was the largest ever held in the State. The number of delegates actually present, which is, after all, the real point, was 290. So much for numbers. In unanimity, we think it surpassed any previous gathering. Thomas Bragg was the personal choice of every man present for governor—the enthusiastic choice, and, after meeting him and hearing him speak, as he did speak when introduced to the Convention, all surprise at this enthusiasm was at an end. He is a man, and the man, every inch of him, and nobody dreams, for an instant, that he will fail to be elected by a majority exceeding the largest obtained by Gov. Reil. Upon this point, there was but one voice and one expression; the more enthusiastic claim some fifteen to twenty thousand—ten thousand, perhaps, would be nearer, but let us work and see how much we can give him.

Another point upon which there was found to exist perfect unanimity was in regard to the recommendation of Franklin Pierce and James C. Dobbin. On this point the Convention was, and the Democracy of the State is, a unit. But, while this is so, the deepest respect is felt and expressed for very many other able and worthy members of the party throughout the country, and the fullest determination shown to go for the nominees of the Cincinnati Convention, provided they be good Democrats, and on this head there exists a perfect assurance that none other will be presented.

On the principles of Democracy, the party is a unit. We have never known a more healthy feeling to prevail, and there is an earnestness, a disposition to work, which it required the attacks of the Know-Nothing order to bring out. There is no lukewarmness anywhere, and there is a confidence in success, and a fixed will to attain it, that nothing can resist. We shall carry the State with a rush, if we only keep up as we have started, if we are only true to ourselves.

The ball is in motion. Let it be kept rolling—let the good of the cause be the only motive—the only motive of action. Let all merely personal matters—all merely personal likes and dislikes, be thrown aside—all little or big cliques pass unnoticed, as unworthy to disturb for one moment the harmony of the great Democratic party. Our first business is to defeat the common opponent. That done we may think ourselves, but not before. Let our only rivalries, our only contests with each other be to see who shall render the best and most efficient service to the Democratic cause. Its success will be the best reward of all who feel as we do about the matter.

The Democratic State Convention.

We call attention to the proceedings of the State Convention, which we publish in to-day's Journal. We ask that the resolutions of that Convention shall be compared with the namby-pamby wisewashey verbiage platforms of the Greensboro and Philadelphia Conventions, and that the nominees may also be compared. Even in the matter of mere numbers, the Democratic Convention was nearly, if not quite one-half larger than that held at Greensboro. We have taken the trouble to count the names of the delegates personally recorded, and find that the number of Know-Nothing delegates exceeded the number of Know-Nothing delegates over ninety.

The resolutions having been passed—Governor Bragg having been re-nominated, and having accepted the nomination on the first day, in a capital speech—a speech both able and handsomely expressed, and the main business generally having been disposed of, very many of the delegates went off in the trains next morning, so that the attendance on Thursday was considerably less than on the day before. The morning session was enlivened by most excellent addresses by E. G. Haywood, Esq., Dr. Pritchard, of Warren, Bart. Fuller, Esq., of Cumberland, Dr. Copeland, of Northampton, and Sidney Smith, Esq., of Orange. The other gentlemen we had heard before, and always with pleasure. Mr. Smith we heard for the first, but, we trust, not for the last time. He made a most forcible and eloquent speech.

By a reference to the published proceedings, the Herald will see that it is mistaken about our young friend Mr. Styron and the Secretaryship. He was one of the permanent Secretaries, and officiated as such, and as such his name appears signed to the report of the proceedings.

The Democrats are bound to carry the State triumphantly. Mark that.

The Peace in Europe.

Peace having been formally proclaimed between Russia and her late antagonists, the English Journals are busily engaged in the discussion of the character of that peace, and how far it and its provisions accord with the wishes and expectations of the British people. Much as peace was desired by the mercantile community, there is an evident under-current of excitement and dissatisfaction—a belief that the honor of the British arms has not been vindicated, nor her influence properly asserted—that she has been drawn into a peace by Louis Napoleon when her own conceptions of interest and honor were opposed to it, and in favor of a fuller and more vigorous prosecution of the war. The peace rejoicings were not of a popular character—they were simply official. From the London Times to the most humble provincial sheet the tone of expression is querulous—there is nothing hearty about it, if we except its distrust of "Our Allies," who, say the English, having accomplished their own ends, care for nothing else, and show an undue desire for peace and an unreasonable rejoicing at its attainment. The London Advertiser speaks out very plainly. It says that enough has transpired to justify us in characterizing the peace which has just been concluded, as one which will bring discredit on the English character, which it affords no guarantee for the future independence of Turkey or the general tranquility of Europe. The treaty is an abortion. The Advertiser anticipates a renewal of the contest five years hence when England will have to stand in a state of antagonism against all the despots of the continent. The London Herald is about as bitter; even Manchester is sulky. Nobody is satisfied, and let governments do or say as they may, the *entente cordiale* between the English and French people has received a much more violent shock than it did by the affair of the Spanish marriages under Louis Philippe, for that was but an affair of dynasties and reigning families. In the present case the nation—John Bull, individually—feels himself jockeyed by his ally and betrayed by his government. The alliance was, at best, an unnatural one, which was kept together by the pressure of the war, but which cannot, in any cordiality, survive the conclusion of peace. We need fear no Eng-

lish and French league against us. The people of England are tired and sick of such leagues, and neither Lord Palmerston, nor any other minister, can force them into such things, or attempt to do so, without being buried from office. We will look into this thing farther. It is of importance to this country in the present position of affairs.

Raleigh—The Military.

One of the most pleasing incidents connected with the visit of the Democratic delegates to Raleigh, was the military display on Thursday, by the Oak City Guards, under Captain Harrison, the Independent Guards, under Captain Carteret, and the Raleigh Cadets, under Captain Lovejoy. These fine companies turned out as citizen soldiery, to pay a compliment to gentlemen visiting their city from all parts of the State, and also, we feel assured, to evince their high respect for and appreciation of Gov. Bragg as a gentleman and a citizen. What the politics of the members of the companies may be we are not informed; politics had nothing to do with the matter.

Dr. Pritchard, of Warren, on behalf of the President of the Democratic Convention, in a neat address, invited the companies to take seats on the floor of the Commons Hall, in which the Convention was held. Captain DeCarteret replied in a few remarks, conceived in exceedingly good taste, and accepted the invitation. In the Hall the companies were welcomed—warmly and eloquently welcomed by the President, to whom Lieut. Tucker, of the Oak City Guards, responded very happily. After some remarks, of a pleasant character, from Dr. Pritchard and others, the Convention adjourned.

The military display was in every way an honor to the city, both from the fine appearance and discipline of the companies, and from the courteous motive which prompted it. We must not forget the cadets, who, if anything, surpass their grown-up brethren-in-arms. Capt. Lovejoy adopts pretty nearly the same course with his scholars as that adopted by Capt. Radcliff, of our own place.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Steamship Baltic arrived at New York on the 17th, with Liverpool dates to the 2d inst., being three days later.

The treaty of peace was formally signed at Paris on the 30th of March.

Parliament had re-assembled. It was expected that the peace ratifications would be exchanged at Paris in three weeks.

Cotton had advanced one-eighth on the better grades: sales for the three days, 24,000 bales.

For the week ending the 2d, flour had advanced 6d. to 1s., and wheat 3d.

Consols closed at 93½—being an advance of ½.

The conclusion of peace was announced in Paris and London by salvoes of artillery. Paris was illuminated, and in England the church bells were pealed.

Three or four weeks must elapse before the final ratifications are exchanged. The details of the adjustment have been referred to a commission.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says: A council of ministers was held at the Tuileries at half-past 11 on the 29th and remained till 12 o'clock on Sunday the 30th. The Emperor presided, and gave his last instructions.

Count Walewski then returned to his official residence to receive the plenipotentiaries. They came at half-past 12, and after the treaty was read over, proceeded to sign it.

The moment the signatures were completed, the signal was given, and the cannon proclaimed the news. Bulletins announcing the fact were also posted throughout the city.

EXPLAN.—Parliament re-assembled on the 31st. In reply to a question, Lord Palmerston said: "The treaty of peace was signed, yet it was determined by the Congress that the particular conditions of the treaty should not be made public until ratifications had been exchanged. At the same time he would express his conviction that the treaty would be deemed satisfactory to England and the whole of Europe. It would be found, he said, that the objects for which the war was undertaken had been accomplished. It would be found that the integrity and independence of the Turkish empire had been secured; that the treaty is honorable to all the contracting powers; and while, on the one hand, it has put an end to a war which every friend to humanity must have naturally wished to see concluded, on the other hand it will lay the foundation of a peace, he trusted, lasting and enduring."

On Monday the Lord Mayor of London made official proclamation of peace from the portico of the Mansion House, and afterwards from the Exchange. The Tower and Park guns fired a salute, and flags were generally displayed throughout the City and shipping. In most of the other cities similar displays were made, but not so much enthusiasm was shown otherwise.

ITALY.—The latest advices from Parma report that the state of things is being carried out with the most strict order, and everything is subjected to military dictation. The Austrian Gen. Cremieux appears to be the real governor of the city. Upwards of 300 arrests have been made. The Auditor Bordis is still alive, but there is no hope of his recovery.

INDIA.—Advices by telegraph from Trieste are from Hong-Kong February 15, Bombay March 6. The annexation of Oude had been completed without disturbance.

Lord Canning was sworn in governor-general of India on the 1st of March.

The Santal districts were quiet.

A scarcity is apprehended throughout India for want of rain.

Additional News from Nicaragua—Arrival of the George Law.

New York, April 16.—The steamer George Law arrived this morning from Aspinwall. She brings one million and a half of gold on freight, and a large number of passengers.

The defeat of Colonel Schlessinger's command had produced the most intense excitement throughout Costa Rica, where the war against Walker is very popular. The total number of troops levied is nine thousand.

Punta Arenas is filled with troops. The foreigners are tendering their services to the government. Other Central American States are preparing for the conflict.

About eight days Nicaragua will be invaded. The prisoners shot by the Costa Ricans were Irish and Germans.

Walker had seized the English mails from Costa Rica to Greytown.

More Fanaticism in the Church.

At the late annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Providence the following resolutions were passed by a large majority:

"Resolved, That the studied silence of the society on the subject of American slavery is unjustifiable, and we cannot recommend it to our people, or take collections in its behalf, until it manifests a readiness to speak against this as against other sins."

"Resolved, That as an auxiliary, we suspend all co-operation with and support of the parent society until its policy in this respect is rectified."

PROSPECTS OF NEXT HARVEST.—The Alton (Ill.) Courier, of the 14th inst., expresses its opinion that we may expect another very fine crop of wheat, and the opinion is based upon the following reasons:

"The early winter was very mild, so much so that the late snow wheat, of which there is so much, continued to grow to a much later date than usual. Then the snow will have protected it from injury by the frost. Lastly, such uninterrupted cold weather for so long a period, and until so late a date, augurs an uninterrupted spring when it comes. It is further said that the number of acres put under wheat in that part of the country last fall was greater than ever before known."

The Chicago Journal says:—"We must have large crops next fall. The snow which has fallen during the past dry days is equal to five inches of manure. People capable of estimating matters, imagine that the wheat crop of 1856 will be the largest ever harvested in this country. To estimate the value of such an increase of the ground at ten millions of dollars would be a low figure."

MESSRS. FULTON & PRICE.—I see from recent communications to the Journal, that a discussion has arisen in regard to the propriety of a nomination by the Democratic party for the office of Sheriff. This discussion involves a question of vital importance to the county, and one which eminently claims the calm, careful consideration of all who value its welfare and the success of its principles. It is a question of party organization, and consequently of party success. Shall we have a full, complete organization or a partial one? Shall we by timely preconcerted action, unite upon one man for the important and influential office of Sheriff, and thus secure for him the whole vote of the party, or shall we have the field open to the whole crowd of aspirants, and thus run the risk of that disgraceful consummation so devoutly to be deprecated, the election of a Know Nothing Sheriff? This is the true question at issue, without straining or exaggeration, and I am surprised that there can be two opinions on so plain a point. It seems to me that if there ever was a time when the instrumentalities of a nominating Convention was imperatively demanded by the exigencies of the occasion, it is now. As you justly observe in your editorial of the 16th inst., "the office of Sheriff is sought after with more avidity than any in the gift of the people of this section."

There are already two Democrats in the field, and I have heard of several more prominent aspirants, and unless we are quick in electing their candidate, we are in danger of a party nomination, we may safely assume that there will be two or more Democratic candidates. For then the field will be open to all; every man will have the right to run and no one can blame him. If there should be several Democrats in the field, no reasonable man can doubt the result. The K. N.'s hold the balance of power in this county and it seems to me that we should not hesitate to elect one of them, that we should not hesitate to regard to the course which we ought to pursue. All selfish, personal considerations should be completely merged in the universal desire for the interest of the party, and the success of the party nominee.

A portion of the Democratic party of Rocky Point precinct, assembled at Mrs. Mary Armstrong's, on Saturday the 19th April, 1856.

On motion of D. McIntire, Esq., Thos. H. Tate, Esq. was called to the Chair, and J. N. Bowden requested to act as Secretary. The object of the meeting being explained by the Chairman, to be to appoint three delegates to attend the county Convention, to be held at Long Creek Bridge, on the 29th of May next, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the next legislature.

On motion, the following gentlemen were selected by the meeting as delegates to attend said Convention: Thos. A. Henderson, Patrick H. Hand and J. N. Bowden. On motion,

Resolved, That our delegates be instructed to nominate a candidate for the Sheriffship.

On motion, the proceedings of the meeting were requested to be published in the Wilmington Journal.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

THOS. H. TATE, Chairman.

J. N. BOWDEN, Sec'y.

Democratic Meeting.

In pursuance of public notice, a portion of the Democratic party of the 19th inst. met at the election precinct on Saturday, the 19th inst.

On motion, M. C. Collins, Esq., was called to the Chair, and R. L. Bordeaux was requested to act as Secretary.

The Chairman explained the object of the meeting to be for the purpose of appointing delegates to the County Convention, to be held at Long Creek on the 29th of May next.

On motion, the Chairman was requested to appoint three delegates from the 19th District, to said Convention; whereupon the Chair appointed Wm. A. Lamb, John Eakins, Sr., and R. L. Bordeaux.

The delegates are to exercise their own judgment in the selection of representatives to the Legislature, so they nominate good and true Democrats.

On motion, the delegates were instructed to oppose the nomination for Sheriff in the Convention.

On motion, the proceedings of this meeting were ordered to be sent to the editors of the Journal, with a request that they be published.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

M. C. COLLINS, Chairman.

R. L. BORDEAUX, Secretary.

For the Journal.

MR. EDITOR:—The Herald of Saturday carries the Democratic nominees for Commissioners of Navigation, "at least some of them," as being incompetent for the position in which their friends have seen fit to place them as candidates. We are somewhat surprised at this, as we were not before aware that all of the Board now in office were adepts in maritime affairs.

Military training is by no means the only requisite for the general—else, where would be the Hero of New Orleans? Nor does the mere residing on the wharf, with a painted sign-board displaying, make up the qualities of the efficient and faithful Commissioner of our port. Far from it. But, it is equally preposterous to say that, because a citizen resides remote from the wharf, he should not have a voice in matters which can affect his interests as vitally as that of the man who is on the wharf.

The Congress on the Democratic ticket are men of discretion and sound judgment, and some of them of no yesterday's experience in nautical as well as maritime affairs—who have been acquainted with our bars and river for over twenty years past, and who, should they be elected, will have but one object in view—the interests of our port.

We can assure the Herald that the ticket will not only receive the sanction of its own party, but of the so-called American party.

FAIR PLAY.

At a meeting of the delegates of the Third Congressional District present at the Democratic State Convention, held the 16th of April, in the Commons Hall, Raleigh, on motion, R. K. Bryan, Esq., was called to the Chair, and James Fulton appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting was explained by the Chairman to be the selection of two delegates to represent the Third Congressional District in the National Convention at Cincinnati.

The roll being called, it was ascertained that the counties of Bladen, Brunswick, Cumberland, Duplin, New Hanover, Harnett and Sampson were represented in the meeting.

On motion of Hon. Wm. S. Ashe, a committee, consisting of one delegate from each county represented in the meeting, was appointed to recommend suitable delegates to the National Convention at Cincinnati.

The committee reported for delegates, T. S. D. McDowell and Wm. J. Yates, Esqrs. Mr. S. D. McDowell was excused, which was not granted, and the report of the committee was confirmed.

On motion, the Chair was requested to appoint alternates to the Cincinnati Convention, whereupon Thos. F. Faison and James Fulton, were announced as alternates.

On motion of Hon. Wm. S. Ashe, it was resolved that this meeting recommend to the different counties composing the Third Congressional District, the holding of county meetings and the sending of delegates to a Convention, to be held in Wilmington on Tuesday of the next County Court, for the purpose of appointing a delegate and sub-electors for the Third Congressional District.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

R. K. BRYAN, Chairman.

JAMES FULTON, Secretary.

The Kansas Committee.

The St. Louis Republican of the 10th instant contains the following notice of this peripatetic committee:

Hon. Mr. Howard and Hon. Mr. Sherman, members of the Kansas committee, arrived in this city yesterday, to carry out the duties of the appointment. They are at the Planters'. Some of the clerks are with them.

Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention for North Carolina assembled in the Commons Hall, in the City of Raleigh, on Wednesday, the 16th of April, at 11 o'clock, A. M. The Convention was temporarily organized, on motion of J. G. Shepherd, of Cumberland, by calling Dr. James E. Williamson, of Caswell, to the Chair; and on motion of W. W. Holden, W. J. Yates, of Cumberland, W. V. Geffroy, of Pasquotank, and C. W. Styron, of New Hanover, were appointed Secretaries.

On motion the delegates were then called, when the following delegates appeared:

Alamance: Benj. Trolinger, S. E. Williams, Jas. R. Montgomery, W. G. Duke, J. Gant, T. J. Turner, F. B. Roney, Jno. Ireland, Benj. Hardie, H. Harbor, P. A. Holt, J. Tappett, G. W. Crockett, John Fawcett.
Ashe: F. E. Borer, proxy.
Bertie: W. A. Ferguson, W. H. Speller.
Bladen: T. D. McDowell, Jas. W. Lessem, John L. McMillan.
Chatham: J. W. Hackney, John Hackney, Marmaduke Hackney, J. W. Hackney, Henry Griffin, Ransom Poe, Isaac Whitley, N. B. Whitfield, W. H. Houston, B. K. Outlaw.
Granville: Jas. M. Bullock, N. E. Canady, C. H. K. Taylor, Dr. Willis Lewis, B. Hester, Dr. W. P. T. P. Tappett, Chas. R. Lewis, J. H. Hester, Geo. H. Johnston, M. Stone, T. L. Hargrove, John Jenkins, A. V. Venable, Thos. C. Hicks, Jno. W. Estes, W. B. Hughes, Wm. G. Holmes.
Brunswick: Burke, J. W. Holden, F. I. Wilson, proxies.
Cumberland: J. G. Shepherd, W. Bow, W. Alderman, B. Fuller, G. H. Roberts, T. H. Massey, Robert Mitchell, Jas. G. Cook, S. O. Dewey.
Carteret: Dr. J. E. Williamson, W. A. Lea, Weldon Lea.
Caswell: J. W. Holden, F. I. Wilson, proxies.
Gates: W. R. Riddick, R. Gilling, Jr.
Harnett: C. H. Coffey.
Henderson: J. M. Guffey.
Lincoln: W. W. Holden, F. I. Wilson, proxies.
Montgomery: M. Guffey.
Pasquotank: J. J. Brooker, Dr. W. Hamlett, W. T. Noel.
Perry: William Haymore.
Guilford: R. D. Dick, Jas. D. Sikes, Samuel M. Keys, Jonathan Church, J. H. Sikes, Joseph Kirkpatrick.
Johnston: Robert M. Hand, Dr. W. P. Sloan.
Greene: Jasper Stowe, Col. M. H. Hand, Dr. W. Sloan.
Gaston: J. J. Hooker, A. D. Speight, M. T. Powell, A. Suggs.
Jesse: J. H. Johnston, J. H. Panton, J. M. Grizzard, J. H. Whitaker, William Hill.
Franklin: John D. Hawkins, P. B. Hawkins, Dr. L. A. Jefferson, Allen C. Ferry, Col. Isaac Winston, Wm. B. Dunn, A. T. Fuller, H. H. Higgins, J. Paschal, W. D. Coppedge, W. F. Greene, H. Harris, A. H. Williams, G. L. Bell, J. M. Jones, J. H. Robinson, proxy.
Onslow: W. W. Humphrey, James P. Parish, Col. M. L. Lattin, George W. Walker, Dr. P. Jones, R. Nichols, William Nelson, Henry Richards, J. Marcum, W. Marcum, Thos. Vickers, John F. Lyon, H. J. Pearson, W. N. Pratt, Sidney Smith, Thos. Faison, P. Murphy, C. H. Daughtry, W. C. Dudley.
Wayne: W. K. Lane, John V. Sherrard, J. H. Everett, J. S. Wainwright, Dr. J. Murphy.
Pitt: Dr. W. J. Blow, W. K. Delaney, B. May.
Randolph: Dr. W. H. H. Conner, J. White, R. M. Stinton, J. S. Stinson, J. C. Cannon.
Rockingham: J. Slade, Spencer Kallum, Gen. F. L. Simpson.
Slocum: Caleb Hill, Dr. J. F. Riddick.
Moore: Col. John Morrison, W. P. Martin, Dr. W. S. Copeland.
Northampton: T. W. Jordan, J. P. Mason, Dr. W. S. Copeland.
Fredell: Gen. C. R. Jones, C. E. Postell.
Nash: A. J. Taylor, Dr. J. M. Taylor, Dr. B. Thornton, T. J. A. Cooper, H. G. Williams.
New Hanover: W. S. Ashe, W. C. Bettemourt, George Houston, C. W. Styron, W. B. Flanner, J. A. Corbett, W. R. Jacobs, T. H. Ashe, Miles Costin, J. G. Walker, R. K. Bryan, James Fulton, Joseph Collins, Capt. H. B. Watson, W. H. Tomlinson, H. H. Hobbs, P. R. Tomlinson, E. Page, A. Dickson, B. Godwin, A. V. Venable, M. Venable, S. B. Scales, S. A. Smith, W. B. Watson, G. L. Bell, L. Richardson, A. W. Richardson, J. R. Brown, Wyatt Earp, A. J. Leach, B. H. Tomlinson, L. B. Sanders, P. Renfro, J. Harper, T. Ives, C. F. Gerhardt, R. Harrison, S. A. Ezell, Dr. C. P. Pritchard, J. Russell, W. H. Suits, T. J. Jenkins, H. Harris, E. D. Drake, W. C. Drake, G. W. Nicholson, J. B. Brown, Dr. H. Davis, Dr. A. B. Hawkins, W. Miller, G. L. Bell, Dr. H. H. Mayfield, J. R. Rigan, Nicholson, A. Tucker, J. J. Egerton, W. A. Jenkins, Aaron Rodgers.
Wake: G. H. Wilder, W. R. Poole, W. W. Holden, A. M. Lewis, J. O. DeCarteret, W. R. Poole, Isaac Rowland, F. I. Wilson, S. H. Whitaker, W. W. Whitaker, G. Buseby, J. M. Fleming, J. A. Hicks, W. H. Laughter, J. F. Hutchins, E. G. Haywood, M. B. Royter, H. J. Leach, J. K. M. Smith, W. B. Watson, G. L. Bell, W. Thomson, G. R. Rand, W. W. Clements, Alvin Jones, A. Turner, A. P. Woodall, A. K. Clements, G. H. Fairbairn, J. D. Newman, J. Lassiter, Jas. Ferrell, Burwell, Temple, J. B. Hester, J. H. Jones, J. M. Jones, M. Simon Smith, Haywood Alders.
On motion, the Chairman was requested to appoint a committee of two from each Congressional District to report officers for the permanent organization of the Convention. The following gentlemen were appointed:

First District: Thos. W. Jordan, J. P. Wooten, W. K. Delaney, J. G. Cook, W. H. Houston, A. V. Venable, T. J. Jenkins, M. D. Smith, Col. Jno. Morrison, Gen. F. L. Simpson, W. Haywood, Jasper Stowe, N. N. Fleming, W. W. Holden and T. J. A. Cooper.
The Convention then took a recess until 3 o'clock.

THREE O'CLOCK, P. M.

The Committee appointed on permanent organization, made the following report through their Chairman, Hon. A. V. Venable. For President of the Convention, James C. SHEPHERD, of Cumberland.

First District, 1st Congressional District, W. J. Blow, of Pitt; 2d District, W. S. Ashe, New Hanover; 3d District, Jno. D. Hawkins, Franklin; 5th District, Robert P. Dick, Guilford; 6th District, Gen. F. L. Simpson, Rockingham; 7th District, Dr. Vm. Sloan, Gaston; 8th District, T. W. Bradburn, Brunswick.

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